

Hands-on Training on Tracking NDC Mitigation Commitments under the Paris Agreement

Exercises with Indicators

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Identifying and compiling NDC indicators - Step by step approach

Step 1: Identify and assess NDC targets

• What to do: Identify mitigation and adaptation targets in NDC. List targets in a tabular format with relevant details

Step 2: Make targets SMART

• What to do: Clarify scope, units, reference/baseline levels. Involve stakeholders responsible for implementing measures

Step 3: Identify type of indicator suitable to track the target

• What to do: Identify indicators for quantitative and qualitative targets. Implementation-related progress indicators beneficial at the national level. Parties might not include such information in their BTRs

Step 4: Identify data and methodology required

Step 5: Compiling, reporting data gaps

- availability.



Identifying data and methodology. Determine what information is required, its availability, and quality. Check if adjustments to scope or units are necessary. Identify if calculations are needed and what methodologies to use

Compiling and reporting. Assess integration of data collection with existing processes. Plan long-term improvements for data quality and

Document all relevant information for future compilation. Learn from national GHG inventory and statistical offices' processes



Exercises with Indicators using an African Country's NDC:

Step 1: Identify and assess NDC targets

For the following target extracted from the NDC of an African Country, apply the SMART approach:

1) A country aims to reduce overall GHG emissions by 40% in 2030 compared to the business as usual (BAU) scenario of around 6,900 ktCO2 eq (including **LULUCF) in 2030**





Exercises with Indicators using an African Country's NDC:

2) Production of 60% of energy needs from green sources by 2030

3) Increase in energy efficiency by 10% based on the 2019 figures

4) The diversion of 70% of waste from the landfill by 2030 including through compositing plants, sorting units, biogas plants and waste to energy plants.





Step 1: Identify and assess GHG related NDC targets

NDC target type	Target	Scope	Target value	Target unit	T tim
 Absolute emission reduction limitation target relative to a base year/ Emission reduction target below a BAU level/ Fixed-level target 					





Value in reference / Base **Farget** neframe period / BAU



Step 2: Make targets SMART

Target? Type of the Target:	An African country aims to reduce overall GHG emissions by 40% in 2030 compared to the business as usual (BAU) scenario of around 6,900 ktCO2 eq (including LULUCF) in 2030 GHG traget/non GHG/adaptation?				
	Specific	Measurable	Ambitious	Relevant	Time-bound
	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Reformulate target					





Step 2: Make or verify targets are SMART

Target: An African country aims to reduce overall GHG emissions by 40% in 2030 compared to the business as usual (BAU) scenario of around 6,900 ktCO2 eq (including LULUCF) in 2030 /GHG relavant Target

What to do: Assess if target is SMART:

Feature:	Yes/No	Observations:
Specific	Yes	The target specifies a 40% reduction in GHG emiss 6,900 ktCO2 eq, including LULUCF (Land Use, Land clear and specific.
Measurable	Yes	The reduction is quantified (40%), and the baseline making it measurable.
Ambitious	Yes	Whether this target is achievable depends on the Mauritius plans to implement. These are listed in t
Relevant	Yes	Reducing GHG emissions is relevant to combating Agreement goals.
Time-bound	Yes	The target has a clear deadline (2030).

ions compared to a BAU scenario of -Use Change, and Forestry). This is

e is defined (6,900 ktCO2 eq in 2030),

strategies, resources, and policies the NDC

climate change and aligns with Paris



Exercises with Indicators: Step 2: Make or verify targets are SMART

- -Target:....
- -Sector:....
- -Type of the target:.....

What to do: Assess if target is SMART:

Feature:	Observations:
Specific	
Measurable	
Ambitious	
Relevant	
Time-bound	







Step 2: Get the Target SMART





IS	Relevant	Time-bound
	Yes/No	Yes/No



Step 3: Identify suitable Indicator

What to do: Identify mitigation indicators to use for tracking

- Indicator:....
- Sector:....
- Unit:.....
 - Is there additional data needed to assess the indicator?: GDP, population, baseline...
- Additional data needed:
- Unit:.....







Step4: Identify data and methodology required

What to do: Identify data and methodology required

		Questions	Comments/Answers
	1	What info is required for the indicators	
	2	Where can I find this info	
	3	For which year info is available	
	4	What is the quality of the data	
	5	Is the info already available	
Afric	6 an	Is a calculation necessary	
Üni	on		



Step 5: Identify data gaps

• What to do: Identify data gaps

Type of data gap	How to overcome the problem
Relevant input data not available	
Relevant input data partially not available	
Data collection not started yet	
Other data gaps identified:	
-	



What to report in the BTR





Thank you for your attention!

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