





Virtual Webinar as a part of the workshop for Central Asia & Caucasus and Eurasia Countries:

"Deep-dive into preparation and reporting of results of national GHG inventories under the ETF of the Paris Agreement"

8 April 2024

#### **Presentation:**

Introduction to the new requirements for reporting national GHG inventories under the Paris Agreement (MPGs)

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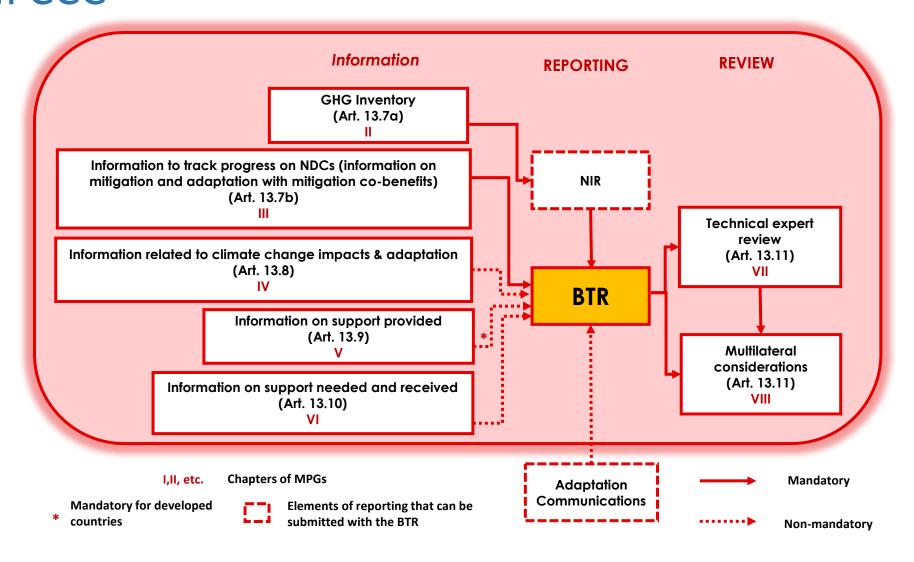
#### Relevance of GHG inventories under the ETF

The two key elements of information crucial to evaluating progress towards achieving Parties' individual nationally determined contributions (NDCs) and making the necessary course corrections are:

- 1) National GHG emissions inventories, providing an overview of the current status of the emissions of a given country; and,
- 2) Projected GHG emissions as communicated by Parties, indicating estimations of the future emissions.



# Reorganization of information for submission to the UNFCCC





#### Reporting the National GHG Inventory under the ETF

- Each Party shall provide a national inventory report (NIR) of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of GHGs
- NIR may be submitted as a stand-alone report or as a component of a BTR
- The submission includes the National Inventory Document (NID) and the common reporting tables (CRTs) for the electronic reporting of the national inventory report
- The CRT are submitted electronically and considered part of the submission, so tables do not need to be reproduced in the BTR itself
- Parties are encouraged to follow the NID outline (Decision 5/CMA.3, annex IV), but it is not mandatory
- For those developing country parties that need flexibility in the light of their capacities, specific flexibility provisions may be applied. In this case you may use the "flex summary table" in the CRTs



#### Flexibility in the presentation of GHG inventories

#### Flexibility for developing countries:

- Self-determined
- Need for flexibility shall be specifically explained
- Plans and time frames for how to meet the full requirements shall be drawn up
- Aiming for a continuous enhancement of the quality over time

The GHG Inventory is the area of the MPGs with more flexibility provisions:

#### Topics with flexibility:

- Key category analysis (para.25)
- Uncertainty assessment (para.29)
- Use of the notation key "NE" for insignificant categories (para.32)
- QA/QC (para.34 and 35)
- Gases (para.48)
- Time-series (para.57)
- Reporting year (para.58)



# Outline of a National Inventory Document: Main contents

#### **Executive Summary**

Chapter 1.	National circumstances, institutional arrangements, and cross-cutting
information	

- Chapter 2. Trends in greenhouse gas emissions and removals
- Chapter 3. Energy (CRT sector 1)
- Chapter 4. Industrial processes and product use (CRT sector 2)
- Chapter 5. Agriculture (CRT sector 3)
  - Chapter 6. Land use, land-use change and forestry (CRT sector 4)
  - Chapter 7. Waste (CRT sector 5)
  - Chapter 8. Other sector (CRT sector 6)
  - Chapter 9. Indirect CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O emissions
  - Chapter 10. Recalculations and improvements



# Outline of a National Inventory Document: Annexes

- Annex I: key categories
- Annex II: uncertainty assessment
- Annex III: detailed description of the reference approach (energy sector)
- Annex IV: quality assurance and quality control plan

- Annex V: any additional information, as applicable, including detailed methodological description of source or sink categories and the national emission balance
- Annex VI: common reporting tables: Energy, Industrial processes and product use, Agriculture, Land use, land-use change and forestry, Waste, Other substances that affect the climate.
- References

Source: Decision 5/CMA.3 annex V



### Common Reporting Tables (CRT)

#### The CRT include 61 tables to fill:

- Summary report tables
- Sectoral report tables
- Sectoral background data tables
- Cross-cutting tables
- Other tables

Abbreviations and acronyms
<u>Table1</u>
Table1.A(a)s1
Table1.A(a)s2
Table1.A(a)s3
Table1.A(a)s4
Table1.A(b)
Table1.A(c)
Table1.A(d)
Table1.B.1
Table1.B.2
<u>Table1.C</u>
Table1.D
Table2(I)
Table2(I).A-H
Table2(II)
Table2(II)B-Hs1
Table2(II)B-Hs2

<u>Table3</u>
Table3.A
Table3.B(a)
Table3.B(b)
Table3.C
<u>Table3.D</u>
Table3.E
Table3.F
Table3.G-J
Table4
Table4.1
Table4.A
Table4.B
Table4.C
Table4.D
Table4.E
Table4.F
Table4(I)
Table4(II)
Table4(III)
Table4(IV)
Table4.Gs1
Table4.Gs2
<u>Table5</u>
Table5.A
<u>Table5.B</u>
Table5.C
Table5.D

Summary1	
Summary2	
Summary3	
Table6	
Table7	
Table8s1	
Table8s2	
Table9	
Table10s1	
Table10s2	
Table10s3	
Table10s4	
Table10s5	
Table10s6	
Flex_Summary	

https://unfccc.int/documents/311076



#### Structure of the MPGs

Introduction, purpose, principles of MPGs, clarifications on flexibility, improved reporting over time and reporting format



- National inventory report (NIR) of greenhouse gases (GHGs)
- II. Information necessary to track progress made in implementing and achieving NDCs
- III. Information related to climate change impacts and adaptation
- IV. Information support provided and mobilized (Developed countries)
- V. Information on support needed and received
- VI. MPG for technical expert review
- VII. MPG for the facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress (FMCP)

Contents to be included in the NIR	Topics covered
according to the MPGs	
Inventory reporting and information to be	Submission requirements
reported	Reporting form
	Inclusion of national
	circumstances and institutional
	arrangements
Methods to be used: methodologies,	IPCC guidelines, nationally
parameters, and data	appropriate methodologies, tiers
	and country specific EF and AD, KC
	analysis, time-series consistency
	and recalculations, uncertainty
	assessment, metrics, insignificant
	categories, QA/QC
Information to be reported: methods and	Information on methods and data,
cross-cutting elements	assessment of completeness
Information to be reported: time-series,	time-series, sectors and gases
sectors and gases	



Detail	NIR (part of BUR)	NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)		
Inventory re	Inventory reporting and information to be reported: MPG: 38, 12, 17, 18, 19, 47, 58			
Submission requirements	Developing countries should submit updates of national GHG inventories including a national inventory report	<ul> <li>Each Party shall provide a national inventory report</li> <li>Latest reporting year shall be no more than 2 years prior to the submission of the NIR (3 years prior to the submission if flexibility is needed)</li> </ul>		
	<ul><li>Reporting</li><li>GHG Inventory</li></ul>	<ul> <li>National Inventory Document (NID)</li> <li>Common Reporting Tables (CRT)</li> </ul>		
National circumstances	Describe procedures and arrangements to collect data and information on the role of the institutions involved	Provide information on national circumstances and institutional, legal and procedural arrangements:  National entity or national focal point  The inventory preparation process  The archiving of all information for the reported time-series  The processes in place for the official consideration and approval of the inventory		



Source: adapted from ICAT-UNEPDTU (2019)

Detail	NIR (part of BUR)	NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)
•	oorted: sectors and gases 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58	
Time series	• Encouraged to provide time series back to the years reported in the previous NC.(in NC, no time series but inventories for the year 1994/1990, for first NC, and 2000 for second NC)	Time series shall start from 1990 (as a minimum the reference years for the respective NDC and a consistent annual time series from at least 2020 onwards, if flexibility is needed)
Gases	<ul> <li>CO2, CH4, and N2O</li> <li>HFCs, PFCs, SF6, CO, NOx, NMVOC, and SOx.</li> <li>Provide emissions and removals on a gas-by-gas basis and in units of mass</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6 and NF3 (flexibility to report at least first three and not the gases in blue)</li> <li>CO, NMVOCs, SOx, NOx, indirect CO2 from atmospheric oxidation of CH4, CO and NMVOCs (should)</li> </ul>
Sectors	<ul> <li>Energy</li> <li>Industrial Processes and Solvent and Other Product Use</li> <li>Agriculture</li> <li>LULUCF</li> <li>Waste (IPCC 1996)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Energy</li> <li>Industrial Processes and Product Use</li> <li>Agriculture</li> <li>LULUCF</li> <li>Waste</li> <li>(IPCC 2006)</li> </ul>



Detail	NIR (part of BUR)		NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)
	sed: methodologies, pa 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28,		
IPCC guidelines	<ul> <li>Use IPCC revised guidelines 1996, IPCC GPG 2000 and IPCC 2003 GPG for LULUCF</li> </ul>	Use IPCC Guideline	s 2006, and any subsequent version or refinement
Nationally appropriate methodologies		•	nationally appropriate methodologies if they better reflect its national are consistent with the IPCC guidelines
Tiers and country- specific EF and AD		categories, otherw • Parties are encoura	make every effort to use a recommended method (tier level) for key ise may use a Tier 1 approach, but shall clearly document it ged to use country-specific and regional EF and AD, where available, or to evelop such EF and AD in accordance with the IPCC guidelines
KC Analysis		Describe KC includi	ries with threshold at 95% (85% if flexibility is needed) ng information on the approach used for their identification nd cumulative % contributions (level and trend)



Detail	NIR (part of BUR)	NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)
	sed: methodologies, parameters and data 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36,	37, 43, 45
QA/QC	Encouraged to apply the IPCC Good Practice Guidance	<ul> <li>Each Party shall elaborate an inventory quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) plan and shall implement and provide info on QC procedures following IPCC guidelines (If flexibility is needed this provision is only encouraged).</li> <li>Report QA/QC procedures already implemented or to be implemented in the future</li> </ul>
Metrics	should use the GWP using the 100-year time horizon and CO2e for aggregated	Use the 100-year time-horizon GWP to report aggregate emissions and removals of GHGs, expressed in CO2e



Detail	NIR (part of BUR)	NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)	
Methods to be used: methodologies, parameters and data. MPG: 20, 22, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 43, 45			
Consistency and recalculations		<ul> <li>The same methods and approach to underlying AD and EF should be used onsistently for each reported year</li> <li>If missing emission values resulting from a lack of AD, EF or other parameters, IPCC splicing techniques should be used</li> <li>If changes in the methods/assumptions, important to recalculate the complete time-series to not affect emission trends</li> </ul>	
Uncertainty assessment	<ul> <li>Encouraged to provide information on the level of uncertainty, and to describe the methodologies used, if any, for estimating these uncertainties.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uncertainty for all source and sink categories shall be quantitatively estimated and qualitatively discussed, at least the starting year and the latest reporting year of the inventory time series. (Qualitative analysis where quantitative data is unavailable if flexibility is needed)</li> </ul>	
Insignificant categories	<ul> <li>Encouraged to apply the IPCC Good Practice Guidance</li> </ul>	• NE (Not Estimated) if emissions from a is considered insignificant: likely level of emissions is below 0.05% of the national total GHG emissions, excluding LULUC and 500 kt CO2 eq, whichever is lower. Total national aggregate of estimated emissions for all gases from categories considered insignificant shall remain below 0.1% of the national total GHG emissions, excluding LULUCF. (If flexibility is needed all numbers x2)	



Detail	NIR (part of BUR)	NIR (part of BTR or stand alone)		
	Information to be reported: methods and cross-cutting elements MPG: 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 46			
Information on methods		<ul> <li>Report on methods used, including rationale for selection of these methods</li> <li>Information on EF and AD used at the most dissagregated level, to the extent possible</li> </ul>		
Lack of completeness		<ul> <li>If some IPCC sources/sinks are not considered, the Party should clearly indicate the main explain reasons for exclusion</li> <li>Notation Keys must be used where numerical data are not available</li> <li>Once emissions have been estiomated for a category, these must be reported in subsequent submissions if they continue to occur</li> <li>Report information on reasons for a lack of completeness, including information on any methodological or data gaps</li> </ul>		
QA/QC		<ul> <li>Report QA/QC procedures already implemented or to be implemented in the future</li> </ul>		

## Thank you for your attention!

For more information:

https://climate-transparency-platform.org/

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