







## Samoa's NDC

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment (MNRE)









### **OUR TEAM**





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- Presentation Outline
  - Samoas 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> NDC
  - Challenges & Solutions





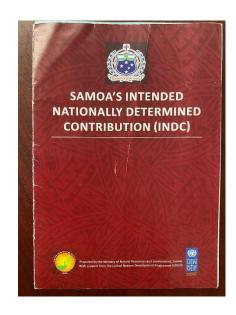




# 1<sup>st</sup> Nationally Determined Contribution [NDC]

NDC target of "100% RE for electricity generation by the year 2025"

		Climate Cha	ange Mitigation	
(i) Electricity/ Renewable Energy		Amount of Electricity Generation (in Kilowatt-hours) from various sources of Reneable Energy as well as Diesel for the first quarter (January to May) of the year 2021.		
办	Hydro	24,206,897.00	BIOMASS WIND 0%	
	Solar	8,735,611.66	SOLAR 21.10%	
	Wind	0	DIESEL 54.20%	
	Biomass	43,325	HYDRO 33.60%	
S ==	Diesel	39,011,894	33.00%	
Total Generation		71,997,728		









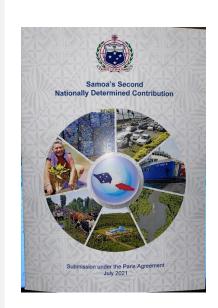
# 2<sup>nd</sup> Nationally Determined Contribution [NDC]

#### **Mitigation**

- Samoa aims to reduce overall GHG emissions by 26 percent in 2030 compared to 2007 levels (or by 91 Gg CO2-e compared to the new reference year once Samoa's GHG emissions inventory has been updated)
  - Energy—reduce GHG emissions in the energy sector by 30 percent in 2030 compared to 2007 levels
  - Waste—reduce GHG emissions in the waste sector by 4 percent in 2030 compared to 2007 levels
  - AFOLU—reduce GHG emissions in the AFOLU sector by 26 percent in 2030 compared to 2007 levels

#### **Adaptation**

- Samoa aims to adapt to climate change by building on adaptation activities in the fisheries, coastal zones, forestry, village community, agriculture, and food security sectors.
- Samoa has the following quantitative targets that contribute to adaptation:
- Marine—expand the area of mangrove forests in Samoa by 5 percent by 2030 relative to 2018
- AFOLU—expand the area under agroforestry to an additional 5 percent of agricultural land by 2030 relative to 2018.

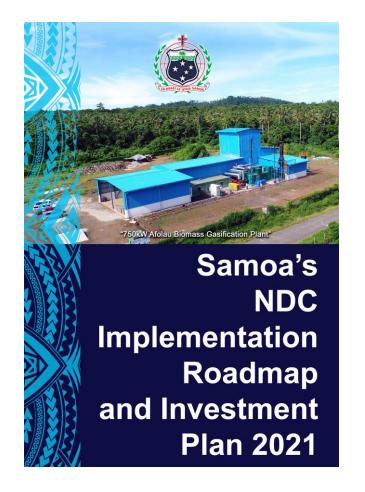


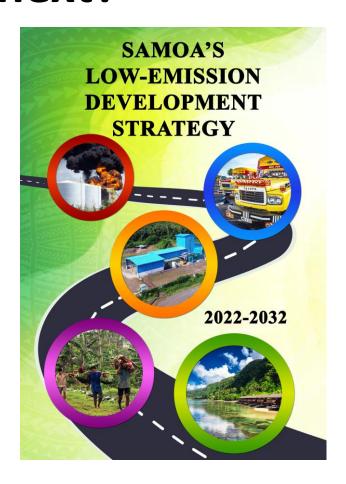






## So..what's next?











## **Challenges**

- Fragmented data and information
- Changes Focal Point Contact for each Ministry delay in the relay of information
- Lack of updated GHG information in the priority sectors the latest GHG Inventory for Samoa was 2007.
- Institutional limitations, such as human capacity, limit the number of projects that can be run at one time in each sector
- Funding resources
- Different set of priorities for each sector







### **Solutions**

- Set up of implementation plan for NDC
- Alternate Focal Points during the Consultations
- Use updated GHG information in the priority sectors
- Identified capacity building needs for each sector
- Bundling projects into programs help to overcome financing challenges
- Aligning sector priorities with NDC Targets.

Thank you