

Capacity Building Initiative for Transparency - Global Support Programme (CBIT-GSP) : Asia Region

Welcome to Virtual Exchange Webinar on Transition to ETF: Issues and Challenges from Malaysia's Perspective

18 May 2023

Transitioning towards the ETF from MRV

Jaypalsinh Chauhan
Asia Network Coordinator
18 May 2023

Transparency arrangements

Measurement,
Reporting and
Verification (MRV)
under the
Convention

Enhanced
Transparency
Framework (ETF)
under the Paris
Agreement



To communicate the information relevant to the implementation, including on emissions and removals, actions and support;



To provide accurate and reliable data and information;



To build trust and confidence among the Parties;



To promote effective implementation.

And additional benefits including;

- informing domestic policies, plans, strategies and programs;
- improved access to support;
- capacity building;
- political buy-in;
- increased awareness.

Existing MRV arrangements

Biennial update reports

National greenhouse gas inventory

Mitigation actions and their effects

Finance, technology and capacity-building needs

Cancun Agreements (1/CP.16) and Durban Outcomes (2/CP.17)

National communications

National greenhouse gas inventory

Programmes containing measures to facilitate adaptation to climate change

Programmes containing measures to mitigate climate change

Transfer of technology

Research and systematic observation

Education, training and public awareness

Capacity-building

Information and networking

Constraints and gaps, and related financial, technical and capacity-building needs

Article 4.1 and 12.1 of the Convention; decision 17/CP.8

Enhanced Transparency Framework

Biennial transparency reports

National greenhouse gas inventory

Progress made in implementing and achieving NDCs

Climate change impacts and adaptation (as appropriate)

Financial, technology transfer and capacity-building support needed and received

Flexibility

Areas of improvement

Article 13 of the Paris Agreement; decisions 18/CMA.1, 5/CMA.3

Overview of ETF by Article 13 of the PA

Reporting

All Parties (shall)

- » National greenhouse gas (GHG) inventory report {Article 13.7(a)}
- » Progress made in implementing and achieving nationally determined contribution (NDC) {Article 13.7(b)}

Developed country Parties (shall) and other Parties that provided support (should)

- » Financial, technology transfer and capacity-building support provided to developing country Parties under Article 9, 10 and 11 {Article 13.9}

All Parties (should, as appropriate)

- » Climate change impacts and adaptation {Article 13.8}

Developing country Parties (should)

- » Financial, technology transfer and capacity-building support needed and received under Articles 9, 10 and 11 {Article 13.10}

Technical expert review

All Parties (shall)

- » Undergo technical expert review of information submitted under Article 13.7 {Article 13.11}

Developed country Parties (shall) and other Parties that provided support (may)

- » Undergo technical expert review of information submitted under Article 13.9 {Article 13.11}

Facilitative multilateral consideration

All Parties (shall)

- » Facilitative multilateral consideration of progress with respect to efforts under Article 9, and its respective implementation and achievement of its NDCs {Article 13.11}

Indicative timeline of moving towards the ETF

2019 — 2020 — 2021 — 2022 — 2023 — **2024** — 2025 — 2026 — 2027 — 2028 — 2029 — 2030 — 2031 →

Developed country Parties

- » Final biennial reports by no later than 31 December 2022

Developing country Parties

- » Final BURs by no later than 31 December 2024

Technical analysis of REDD-plus activities for result-based incentives

All Parties

- » First BTRs by, at the latest, 31 December 2024 (SIDS and LDCs have discretion)
- » TER (to be initiated immediately following the submission)
- » Facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress (as soon as possible following the publication of the TER report)

- » Flexibility to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities
- » Facilitating improved reporting and transparency over time

Developed country Parties

- » Annual GHG inventories
- » National communications*

Developing country Parties

- » National communications*

Existing MRV arrangements

Enhanced transparency framework

Key points in the BTR to facilitate transparency

- Carefully review decisions **18/CMA.1** and **5/CMA.3**, in particular references to the items that “shall” be reported (i.e. are mandatory) versus those that “should be”, are “encouraged” to be, “can be” or “may be” reported.
- Provide all information required by the provisions in decision 18/CMA.1 in the BTR, the **CRTs and the CTF tables**, to the extent applicable, which will enhance the transparency of the BTR.
- In the case of developing country Parties that need **flexibility** in the light of their capacities, identify the capacity-building constraints preventing implementation of a specific provision and the anticipated timeline for addressing those constraints.
- Regularly submitting BTRs is a cycle of **continuous improvement**. It is expected that the information available to Parties and the reporting capacities of Parties are at different stages of development but will improve over time.